

Serial No: 10/720,422
Filed: November 24, 2003
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Amendments to the claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of claims:

Claims 1-29 (cancelled)

30. (new) A device for calibrating an aberroscope comprising a hologram insertable into an optical path of a wavefront analyzer, the hologram adapted to induce a predetermined aberration in a wavefront for presentation to the wavefront analyzer.
31. (new) The device recited in Claim 30, wherein the hologram comprises a substrate having a surface imposed thereon adapted to reproduce a desired optical wavefront, the desired optical wavefront having the predetermined aberration.
32. (new) The device recited in Claim 31, wherein the desired aberrated wavefront comprises a wavefront modeled using Zernike polynomials.
33. (new) The device recited in Claim 30, wherein the hologram comprises a computer-generated hologram.
34. (new) The device recited in Claim 30, wherein the hologram is insertable into an optical path of a Hartmann-Shack wavefront analyzer.
35. (new) The device recited in Claim 30, wherein the hologram comprises a spatial light modulator adapted to induce the predetermined aberration.

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36. (new) The device recited in Claim 30, wherein the hologram comprises means for inducing a predetermined amount of defocus in the wavefront, the defocus amount serving to shift a wavefront analyzer range of measurement from a first range between a first minimum value and a first maximum value to a second range between a second minimum value and a second maximum value, the first and the second minimum value and the first and the second maximum value differing by the predetermined amount of defocus.
37. (new) A system for calibrating an aberroscope, comprising:
 - a wavefront analyzer comprising a wavefront detector at a downstream end of an optical path; and
 - a hologram insertable into an optical path of the wavefront analyzer, the hologram adapted to induce a predetermined aberration in a wavefront for presentation to the analyzer.
38. (new) The system recited in Claim 37, further comprising means for collimating an incoming wavefront onto the detector downstream of the hologram.
39. (new) The system recited in Claim 37, wherein the hologram comprises a computer-generated hologram.
40. (new) The system recited in Claim 37, wherein the wavefront analyzer comprises a Hartman-Sack wavefront analyzer.
41. (new) The system recited in Claim 40, wherein the Hartmann-Shack wavefront analyzer comprises:
 - an entrance pupil for admitting the incoming wavefront;
 - a first afocal optical system for forming an image of the entrance pupil onto an intermediate pupil plane;
 - a lenslet array; and

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a second afocal optical system for forming an image of the intermediate pupil plane onto the lenslet array, the lenslet array for sampling the intermediate pupil image onto the wavefront detector; and wherein:

the hologram is positioned at a location selected from a group consisting of adjacent the entrance pupil, at the intermediate pupil plane, and adjacent a plane of the lenslet array.

42. (new) The system recited in Claim 41, further comprising a beamsplitter, and wherein:

the hologram comprises a reflective computer-generated hologram;

the first afocal optical system comprises a first converging lens and a first collimating lens, the first collimating lens positioned to receive the incoming wavefront from the first converging lens at a first face and to output a collimated wavefront from a second face, the first converging lens and the first collimating lens together operating to image the entrance pupil onto the intermediate pupil plane, the computer-generated hologram positioned to receive and reflect the collimated wavefront onto the first collimating lens, the beamsplitter positioned and adapted to permit the incoming wavefront exiting the first converging lens to pass through substantially unaltered;

the second afocal optical system comprises a second converging lens, the second converging lens comprising the first collimating lens positioned to receive a reflected wavefront from the hologram at the second face and to output a converging wavefront from the first face onto the beamsplitter; and

the second afocal optical system further comprises a second collimating lens positioned to receive the converging wavefront from the beamsplitter and to output a second collimated wavefront onto the lenslet array.

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43. (new) A method for calibrating an aberroscope comprising the steps of:
- passing an unaberrated wavefront along an optical path leading to a wavefront analyzer;
 - inducing a predetermined aberration in the unaberrated wavefront to form an aberrated wavefront using a hologram positioned in the optical path upstream of a wavefront analyzer;
 - analyzing the aberrated wavefront exiting the hologram using the wavefront analyzer; and
 - calibrating the wavefront analyzer using data generated by the wavefront analyzer from the aberrated wavefront.
44. (new) The method recited in Claim 43, wherein the inducing step comprises shifting a wavefront analyzer range of measurement from a first range between a first minimum value and a first maximum value to a second range between a second minimum value and a second maximum value, the first and the second minimum value and the first and the second maximum value differing by an amount determined by the optical element.
45. (new) The method recited in Claim 43, further comprising the step of collimating the aberrated wavefront onto the wavefront analyzer downstream of the hologram.
46. (new) The method recited in Claim 43, further comprising the steps of:
- admitting the unaberrated wavefront into an entrance pupil;
 - using a first afocal optical system to form an image of the entrance pupil onto an intermediate pupil plane;
 - using a second afocal optical system to form an image of the intermediate pupil plane onto a lenslet array of the wavefront analyzer; and
 - sampling the intermediate pupil plane image at the lenslet array and presenting the image samples onto the wavefront analyzer; and wherein:

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the aberration inducing step comprises positioning the hologram at a location selected from a group consisting of adjacent the entrance pupil, at the intermediate pupil plane, and adjacent a plane of the lenslet array.

47. (new) The method recited in Claim 46, wherein:

the hologram comprises a reflective computer-generated hologram;
the first afocal optical system comprises a first converging lens and a first collimating lens, wherein the first collimated lens is positioned to receive a first wavefront from the first converging lens at a first face and to output a collimated, unaberrated wavefront from a second face; and
the inducing a predetermined aberration step comprises;
receiving the collimated, unaberrated wavefront at the hologram;
inducing the predetermined aberration in the collimated, unaberrated wavefront to produce an aberrated wavefront; and
reflecting the aberrated wavefront onto the first collimating lens; and
further comprising the steps of;
converging the aberrated wavefront by passing through the second face and out of the first face of the first collimating lens; and
reflecting the converged, aberrated wavefront onto a second collimating lens to output a collimated, aberrated wavefront onto the lenslet array.

48. (new) The method recited in Claim 43, wherein the optical element comprises means for inducing a predetermined amount of defocus in the unaberrated wavefront, the defocus amount serving to shift a wavefront analyzer range of measurement from a first range between a first minimum value and a first maximum value to a second range between a second minimum value and a second maximum value, the first and the second minimum value and the first and the second maximum value differing by the predetermined amount of defocus.